WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. Circuitry for controlling the oscillating frequency of an
- 2 oscillator, the circuitry comprising:
- a plurality of capacitors, each of which is independently
- 4 selectable by a control signal, and each of which provides a
- 5 controllable amount of capacitance to the oscillator to
- 6 control the oscillating frequency of the oscillator.
- 1 2. The circuitry of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality
- of capacitors has a different capacitance than the other
- 3 capacitors, and a predefined amount of capacitance is provided
- 4 by a predetermined combination of capacitors.
- 1 3. The circuitry of claim 2, wherein the capacitors are
- 2 drain-source connected MOSFETs.
- 1 4. The circuitry of claim 3, wherein the MOSFETs are P-type
- 2 enhancement mode MOSFETs.
- 1 5. The circuitry of claim 3, wherein the MOSFETs are N-type
- 2 depletion mode MOSFETs.
- 1 6. The circuitry of claim 1 wherein the capacitors are
- 2 selected from the group consisting of on-chip metal
- 3 capacitors, on-chip poly capacitors, and discrete capacitors.

- 4 7. The circuitry of claim 1, wherein each of the capacitors
- 5 corresponds to a transmission gate switch.
- 1 8. The circuitry of claim 7, further comprising a set of
- 2 memory registers to provide the control signals for selecting
- 3 the individual capacitors
- 1 9. The circuitry of claim 8, wherein the transmission gate
- switches are decoupled from the set of memory registers by a
- 3 set of buffer circuitry.
- 1 10. The circuitry of claim 9, wherein the set of buffer
- circuitry is powered by a filtered power signal.
- 1 11. The circuitry of claim 1, wherein the oscillator includes
- 2 a resonator and an inverting amplifier.
- 1 12. The circuitry of claim 11, wherein a first subset of the
- 2 plurality of capacitors is selectively electrically coupled to
- a first terminal of the resonator, and a second subset of the
- 4 plurality of capacitors is selectively electrically coupled to
- 5 a second terminal of the resonator
- 1 13 An electronic device comprising:
- a real time clock for generating a system time signal,
- 3 the real time clock having a digitally tunable oscillator for

- 4 digitally adjusting an operating frequency of the real time
- 5 clock to speed up or slow down the system time signal; and
- a memory device for storing data representing a
- 7 configuration of the digitally adjusted tunable oscillator.
- 1 14. The electronic device of claim 13, further comprising a
- 2 communication port for receiving a reference time signal,
- 3 wherein the digitally tunable oscillator is digitally adjusted
- 4 according to the reference time signal to minimize the
- 5 difference between the system time signal and the reference
- 6 time signal.
- 1 15. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the digitally
- tunable oscillator includes a capacitor bank having a set of
- 3 capacitors with capacitance values in a binary-weighted
- 4 relationship, the capacitors selectable through a set of
- 5 control signals.
- 1 16. A method comprising:
- generating a set of control signals to select a subset of
- 3 capacitors from a set of capacitors;
- 4 connecting the selected subset of capacitors to an
- 5 oscillator;
- 6 generating an oscillating signal using the oscillator and
- 7 the selected subset of capacitors in combination; and

- 8 generating a system time signal using the oscillating
- 9 signal.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, further comprising receiving a
- 2 reference time signal, comparing the reference time signal
- 3 with the system time signal, and modifying the set of control
- 4 signals in response to the difference between the reference
- 5 time signal and the system time signal to select a different
- 6 subset of capacitors.
- 7 18. The method of claim 17, further comprising saving data
- 8 representing the setting of the control signals in a memory.
- 1. 19. A method of generating a time signal comprising:
- generating a system time signal using a real time clock
- 3 circuit that has a tunable oscillator for adjusting an
- operation frequency of the real time clock circuit;
- 5 receiving a reference time signal over a network;
- adjusting the tunable oscillator to increase or decrease
- 7 the operating frequency of the real time clock circuit in
- 8 response to a difference between the system time signal and
- 9 the reference time signal.
- 1 20. The method of claim 19 wherein adjusting the tunable
- 2 oscillator comprises adjusting a set of control signals to

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- 3 modify a selection of a set of capacitors within a capacitor
- bank, the selection of the set of capacitors correlating to
- 5 the operating frequency of the real time clock circuit.
- 1 21. Apparatus for providing a variable level of capacitance,
- 2 comprising:
- a plurality of capacitors, each capacitor selectable
- 4 through an independent control signal generated by a logic
- 5 circuit, the selected capacitors providing an amount of
- 6 capacitance that is the sum of the individual capacitances of
- 7 the selected capacitors; and
- 8 buffer circuitry for decoupling the plurality of
- 9 capacitors from the logic circuit to prevent noise in the
- 10 logic circuit from affecting the plurality of capacitors.
- 1 22. The apparatus of claim 21, further comprising a filter
- 2 circuit connected to a power supply to generate a filtered
- 3 power supply signal that is used to power the buffer
- 4 circuitry.
- 1 23. The circuit of claim 21, further comprising transmission
- gates, each of which corresponds to one of the plurality of
- 3 capacitors and can be turned on by the independent control
- signal when the corresponding capacitor is selected.
- 1 24. Apparatus comprising:

- a control unit configured to generate a set of control
- 3 signals, each of which independently selects a capacitor from
- a plurality of capacitors, the selected capacitors being
- 5 coupled to an oscillator, the selected capacitors in
- 6 combination proving a controllable amount of capacitance to
- 7 the oscillator to control the oscillating frequency of the
- 8 oscillator.
- 1 25. The apparatus of claim 24 in which the control unit is
- 2 disposed within a computer chipset.
- 1 26. The apparatus of claim 24, further comprising circuitry
- for generating a system time signal based on the oscillating
- 3 frequency of the oscillator.
- .1 27. The apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a memory
- for storing the configuration of the set of control signals,
- and a data processing unit that processes data based on the
- 4 system time signal.